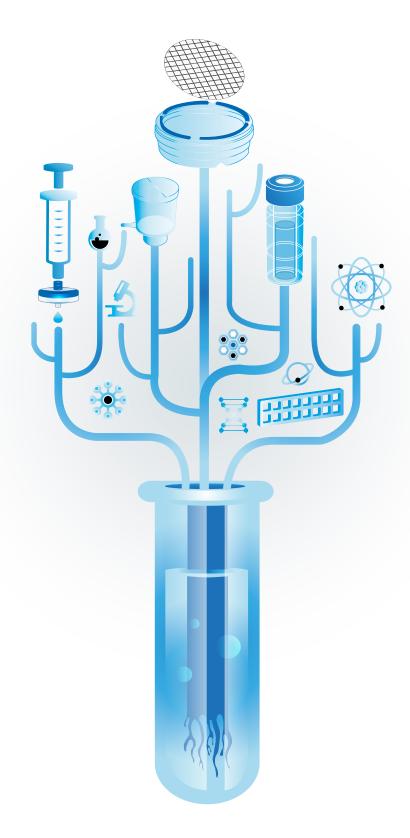


MOLECULAR BIOLOGY PRODUCT COLLECTION



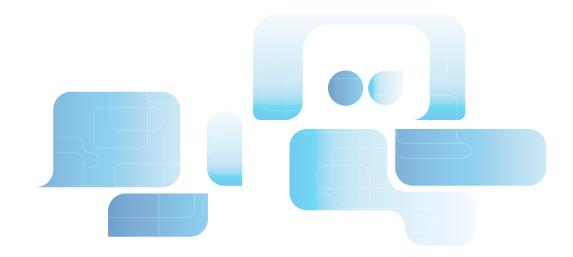




Molecular Biology

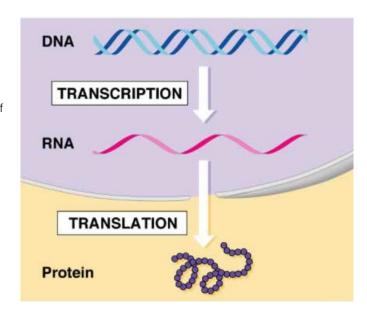
Index

Blotting Overview	2
Membranes	
Pure Nitrocellulose	4
Supported Nitrocellulose	5
Polyvinylidene Fluoride PVDF	6
ECL Substrates	
Lightwave	7
Lightwave Plus1	0
Lightwave Max	2



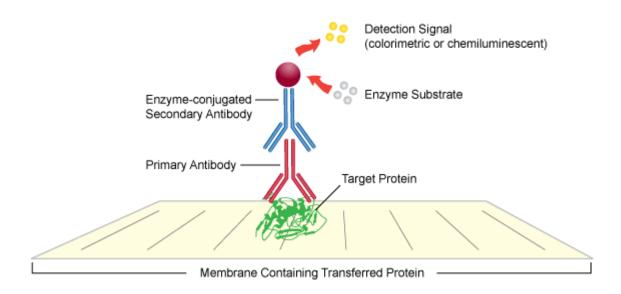
MOLECULAR BIOLOGY ANALYSIS

Molecular analysis studies subcellular components such as proteins and nucleic acids (DNA, RNA). These molecules can be detected by various blotting techniques. The sample of interest is separated according to size by electrophoresis through a gel. Molecules from the sample are transferred and bound to a microporous membrane Then, specific molecules of interest are detected using another molecule which specifically binds to the molecule of interest and can be detected by color, light or radioactivity.



Western Blot

Western blotting is a common and important technique used in molecular biology. It is used to detect a specific protein or protein fragment from a complex mixture such as a cell lysate, tissue extract, blood or serum sample or culture supernatants. The complex mixture is separated according to size by gel electrophoresis and then transferred to a membrane. A protein of specific interest is immunodetected using primary and secondary antibodies.



Western Blot Application Examples:

- Protein expression and modification studies, may be quantitative;
- Amino acid analysis;
- Diagnostics development;
- Medical diagnosis such as for HIV and Lyme disease.

WESTERN BLOTTING PROTOCOL

Electrophoretic separation of proteins

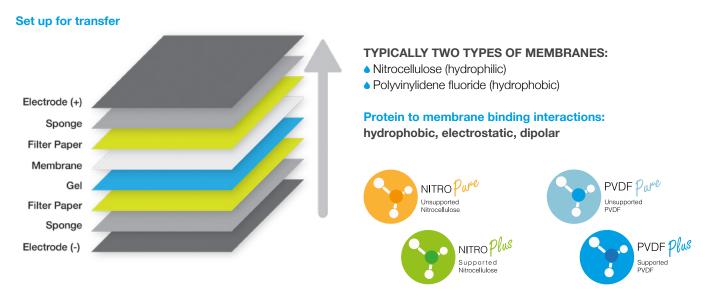
Separation into polyacrylamide gel according to molecular wieght. In order to separate the proteins of lower molecular weight, use of more concentrated gel is required.

Transfer of proteins

Transfer from gel onto membrane followed by:

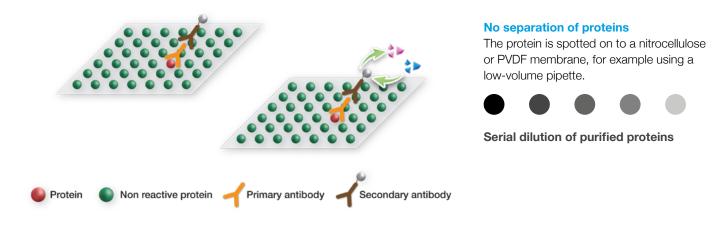
- Blocking;
- Applying a primary antibody specific for your protein of interest;
- Applying secondary antibody that will recognize the primary antibody.

Role of protein binding



Detection of proteins

Proteins can be detected by immunodetection methods which use enzyme conjugated/labeled secondary antibodies. When the enzyme substrate is added, a product is formed. This product can be detected by fluorescence, colormetrically, or by chemiluminescence. Enhanced chemiluminescence (ECL) produces light as a by-product when the substrate is catalyzed by the enzyme. This light is then captured on X-ray film or by a digital imaging system.



Pure Nitrocellulose

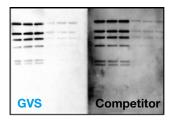


Pure Nitrocellulose is the membrane of choice for all protein or immunoblotting application. The most common used membrane for western blotting techniques.

Supplied in various porosity and format

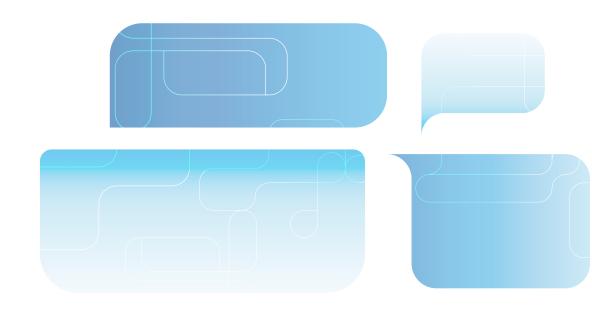
Features and Benefit

- ♦ High resolution
- ▲ Low Background, easily blocked
- Wets out naturally
- ◆ Compatible with all detection system



Ordering information

	Dimensions (mm) Packaging	70x84 mm 10/pk	100x100 mm 10/pk	150x150 mm 5/pk	200x200 mm 25/pk	200x3000 mm 1/pk	300x3000 mm 1/pk
sizes	0.22 μm	1213991	1213999	1215463	1215392	1215469	1215458
ore s	0.45 μm	1213888	1213314	1215476	1221976	1215483	1215471



Supported Nitrocellulose

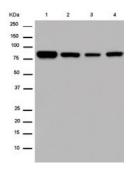


Supported Nitrocellulose Transfer Membrane combines the binding characteristics of nitrocellulose membrane with the strength of nylon membrane.

Supplied in various porosity and format

Features and Benefit

- Supported for procedures requiring rigorous handling
- ◆ Strong will not curl, bend or crack after baking
- ♦ High sensitivities, low backgrounds
- Multiple reprobings
- ◆ BSA binding capacity up to



All lanes : Anti-Furin antibody [EPR14674] (ab183495) at 1/5000 dilution

Lane 1: HepG2 whole cell lysate Lane 2: HeLa whole cell lysate Lane 3: U87-MG whole cell lysate Lane 4: Caco-2 whole cell lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane.

Secondary

Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/1000

dilution

Predicted band size: 87 kDa

Ordering information

	Dimensions (mm) Packaging	70x84 mm 10/pk	100x100 mm 10/pk	150x150 mm 5/pk	200x200 mm 5 /pk	200x3000 mm 1/pk	300x3000 mm 1/pk
zes	0.22 μm		1214560	1212669	1212689	1212690	1212632
S	0.45 μm	1214978	1213943	1212596	1212597	1212602	1212590



Polyvinylidene Fluoride PVDF



PVDF is a naturally hydrophobic unsupported transfer membrane.

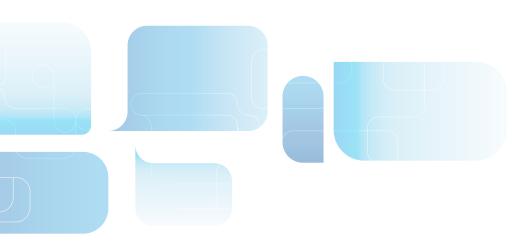
It has an high binding capacity and low backgrounds Supplied in various porosity and format

Features and Benefit

- Superior Strength: Can withstand aggressive handling or be used with automated equipment without breaking or tearing
- Low extractable: Ensures tests will be clean with consistent results
- ♠ Exceptional sensitivity: Detects low-level components
- ♦ Hydrophobic: For high protein binding
- Lot to lot consistency: Quality checks ensure consistent binding for dependable results every time
- ♦ High binding capacity: Binds a wide range of fragment sizes
- High range of chemical Resistant to most commonly used chemicals compatible with chemically aggressive solvents

Ordering information

	Dimensions (mm) Packaging	70x84 mm 10/pk	100x100 mm 10/pk	150x150 mm 5/pk	200x200 mm 5/pk	200x3000 mm 1/pk	300x3000 mm 1/pk
sizes	0.22 μm	1214588		1215037	1215032	1214726	1214429
ore :	0.45 μm	1213992	1212644	1212636	1212637	1212783	1212639



LIGHT**wave**™

ECL SUBSTRATES FOR WESTERN BLOTTING

About us

The GVS Group is one of the world's leading manufacturers of filters and components for applications in the Healthcare, Life Sciences, Automotive, Appliance, Safety, and Commercial & Industrial Filtration.

The Group's clear strategy towards internationalization, has led to the opening of 12 production facilities located in Italy, UK, Brazil, the United States, China and Romania, as well as offices in Russia, Turkey, Argentina, Japan, Korea. GVS currently have a workforce of over 2,700 people globally.

For 40 years, GVS has focused on innovation in its products range and production processes, constantly improving its development capacity to provide the best service and support for its clients

We offer a full range of branded products through a global network of dealers and distributors. We also make available all these capabilities on an OEM basis by working closely with companies around the world to provide state of the art materials solutions and/or turn-key final product solutions used in critical applications for the pharmaceutical, medical device, diagnostic, food & beverage and environmental monitoring markets.

All GVS substrates are protected by **US7803573**, **EP1962095**, **US7855287**, **EP1950207**, **US2012009603** (A1), **CA2742025**, **EP2405016**, foreign equivalents and pending patents.

LightWave[™] detection reagents are non-isotopic, luminol-based chemiluminescence substrate, designed for the chemiluminescent detection of immobilized proteins and immobilized nucleic acids conjugated with horseradish peroxidase (HRP). LightWave[™] is intended for research use only, and shall not be used in any clinical procedures, or for diagnostic purposes.

Storage/expiry

One year at room temperature (max. 25°C).

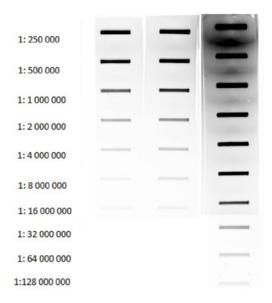
LightWave™ product line

Product	LightWave™	LightWave™ Plus	LightWave™ Max
Signal intensity	Medium	High	Ultra High
Signal duration	Medium	Extended	Short
Protein abundance	High	Medium	Ultra-low

GVS LIGHTWAVE SUBSTRATES

Overview

HPR - Antibody dilutions



LightWave - Low picogram detection level LightWave Plus - Mid femtogram detection level LightWave Max - low femtogram detection level

Product	Suggested anti	Suggested antibody dilutions		
Limb#MoveTM	Primary Ab	1:500 - 1:5,000		
LightWave™	Secondary Ab	1:20,000 - 1:100,000		
LightWave™ Plus	Primary Ab	1:1000 - 1:15,000		
Lightwave ···· Plus	Secondary Ab	1:25,000 - 1:150,000		
I :IWA/TM B.4	Primary Ab	1:5000 - 1:100,000		
LightWave™ Max	Secondary Ab	1:100,000 - 1:500,000		

Quick start protocol

- Perform electrophoresis, membrane transfer and antibody incubation and washes
- ◆ Prepare Lightwave[™] ECL substrate by mixing equal volumes of the two solutions
- Apply Lightwave[™] chemiluminescent substrate to the membrane (1 mL per 10 cm3 of the membrane), incubate 2 minutes with the substrate
- Expose the substrate-treated membrane using a chemiluminescence imager or X-ray film

Product	Competitors
	PIERCE™ ECL PLUS - THERMO SCIENTIFIC™
LIGHT wave ™	IMMOBILION® CLASSICO - MILLIPORE™
LIGITIWAVE	WESTERN LIGHTNING™ PLUS - PERKINELMER
	WESTERNBRIGHT™ ECL - ADVANSTA
	CLARITY™ - BIORAD
	SUPERSIGNAL™ WEST DURA - THERMO SCIENTIFIC™
Plus	AMERSHAM™ ECL PRIME™ - GE HEALTHCARE
LIGHT wave ™	SUPERSIGNAL™ WEST PICO PLUS - THERMO SCIENTIFIC™
	IMMOBILION® CRESCENDO - MILLIPORE™
	WESTERNBRIGHT™ QUANTUM™ - ADVANSTA
	CLARITY MAX™ - BIORAD
Man	SUPERSIGNAL™ WEST FEMTO - THERMO SCIENTIFIC™
Max LIGHT wa∨e ™	AMERSHAM™ ECL SELECT™ - GE HEALTHCARE
LIGITIWAVC	WESTERNBRIGHT™ SIRIUS™ - ADVANSTA
	WESTERN LIGHTNING™ ULTRA - PERKINELMER

GVS Lightwave



LIGHT**wave**™

Competitor Pico

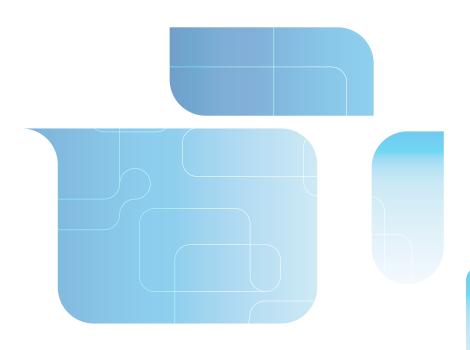
Competitor Classico

Competitor ECL

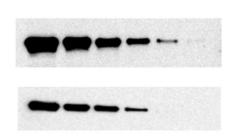
Features

- Low picogram detection
- ▲ Ideal for routinary analysis
- ♦ Working solution stable for at least three days
- ◆ The best entry level ECL substrate on the market
- Signal duration 5 hours
- ◆ Stable for 1 year at RT

Code	Description
LW0001	LightWave™ Western blotting substrate 10 mL
LW0002	LightWave™ Western blotting substrate 250 mL



GVS Lightwave Plus



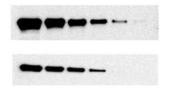


Competitor B

Features

- Mid femtogram detection
- Extended signal duration
- ♦ High range flexibility
- ♦ Working solution stable for at least three days
- The perfect ECL formulation combining great sensitivity and long signal duration
- Signal duration 25 hours

Signal to noise ratio



Plus LIGHT**wave**™

Competitor

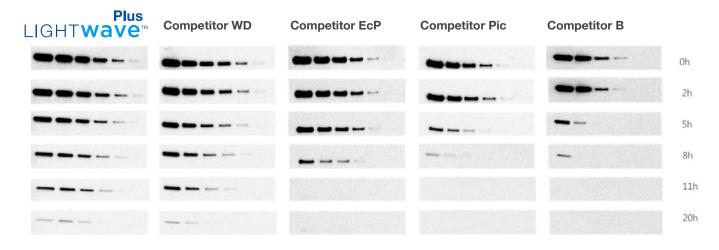
Western blotting detection of HDAC-1 on Hela cells

Hela cell lysate from 5 to 0,078 µg Ab 1° Rabbit anti HDAC1 1:5000 Ab 2° Goat anti rabbit 1:50000 Exposure time: 3 minutes Imager: LAS4000 (GEHC) 1800 1600 1400 1200 1000 800 600 400 200 0 5 2,5 1,25 0,625 0,3125 GVS Lightwave Competitor B

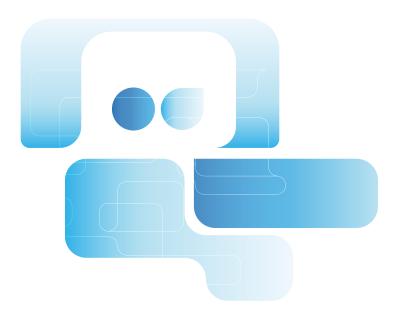
GVS LightWave Plus vs Competitor Signal duration

Signal duration

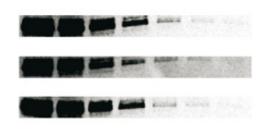
LightWave™ Plus provides an extremely extended signal duration when compared to most mid-level range ECL substrates. The HDAC-1 signal intensity variation over time was analyzed using **LightWave™ Plus** and its competitors (Figure 3).



Code	Desciption
LW0003	LightWave™ Plus Western Blotting Substrate 10 ml
LW0004	LightWave™ Plus Western Blotting Substrate 250 ml



GVS Lightwave Max





Competitor Femto

Competitor ECL Select

Features

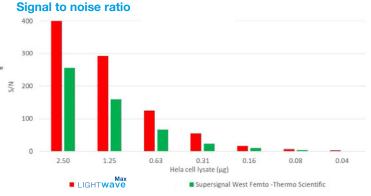
- Low femtogram detection
- ▲ Low antibody consumption to save your money
- Working solution stable for at least three days
- ◆ The ECL substrate with the highest signal on the market
- Signal duration 8 hours
- Stable for 1 year at RT



Figure 2. Low background for high sensitive detection with LightWave™ Max.

A) Western blotting detection of HDAC-1 on HeLa cell lysate with LightWave[™] Max compared to SuperSignal[™] West Femto-Thermo Scientific[™]. Triplicate blots for each substrate containing 2-fold dilutions of HeLa whole cell lysate were incubated with primary antibody (Rabbit-anti Human HDAC-1) 1:15000 and secondary antibody (Goat anti Rabbit-HRP) 1: 300000 and were simultaneously imaged for 120 seconds with ImageQuant[™] LAS 4000 (GE Healthcare).

B) Signal-to-noise ratio (S/N) analysis. LightWave™ Max displays the best combination of sensitivity and signal with low background.



Detection level: Low-femtogram



Figure 1. Western blotting detection of HDAC-1 on HeLa cell lysate with LightWave™ Max and other chemiluminescent reagents in the same sensitivity range.

Signal duration

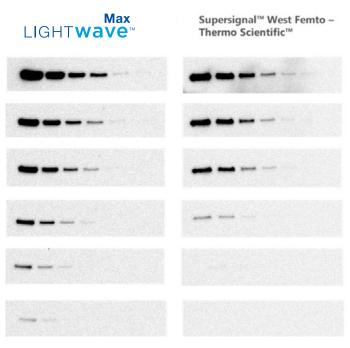


Figure 3. Signal duration of LightWave™ Max compared to SuperSignal™ West Femto-Thermo Scientific™.

Quadruplicate blots for each substrate containing 2-fold dilutions of HeLa whole cell lysate were incubated with primary antibody (Rabbit-anti Human HDAC-1) 1:15000 and secondary antibody (Goat anti Rabbit-HRP) 1: 300000 and were simultaneously imaged with ImageQuant™ LAS 4000 (GE Healthcare) at time points up to 11 hours post substrate addition.

Code	Desciption
LW0005	LightWave™ Max Western Blotting High Sensitive Substrate 10 ml
LW0006	LightWave™ Max Western Blotting High Sensitive Substrate 100 ml



EUROPE

Italy Office Headquarters GVS S.p.A.

Via Roma 50 40069 Zola Predosa (BO) - Italy tel. +39 051 6176311 fax +39 051 6176200 gvs@gvs.com

United Kingdom GVS Filter Technology UK Ltd. **NFC House** Vickers Industrial Estate Mellishaw Lane, Morecambe Lancashire LA3 3EN tel. +44 (0) 1524 847600 lifesciences.uk@gvs.com

Profsoyuznaya Street, 25-A, office 102 117418, Moscow Russian Federation (Russia) tel. +7 495 0045077 lifesciences.ru@gvs.com

GVS Microfiltrazione srl Str. Principala n. 320 et. 1 – Ciorani de Jos JUD . PRAHOVA - CIORANI ROMÂNIA Tel. +40 244 463044 lifesciences.ro@gvs.com

Turkey GVS Türkiye Cevizli mah. Zuhal cad. Ritim Istanbul no: 44 A-1 Blok D.371 Maltepe / Istanbul tel. +90 216 504 47 67 lifesciences.tr@gvs.com

ASIA

China

GVS Technology (Suzhou) Co., Ltd. Fengqiao Civil-Run Sci-Tech Park, 602 Changjiang Road,S.N.D. Suzhou, China 215129 tel. +86 512 6661 9880 fax: +86 512 6661 9882 lifesciences.cn@gvs.com

GVS Japan K.K. KKD Building 4F, 7-10-12 Nishishinjuku Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo 160-0023 Japan tel. +81 3 5937 1447 fax +81 3 5937 1448 lifesciences.jp@gvs.com

Korea GVS Korea Ltd #315 Bricks Tower 368 Gyungchun-ro(Gaun-dong), Namyangju-si, Gyunggi-do, Tel: +82 31 563 9874 Fax: +82 31 563 9874 lifesciences.kr@gvs.com

AMERICA

GVS North America, Inc. 63 Community Drive Sanford, ME 04073 - USA tel. +1 866 7361250 lifesciences.us@gvs.com

GVS de México Universal No. 550, Vynmsa Aeropuerto Apodaca Industrial Park, Ciudad Apodaca, Nuevo León, C.P. 66626 México tel. +52 81 2282 9003 lifesciences.mx@gvs.com

GVS do Brasil Ltda. Rodovia Conego Cyriaco Scaranello Pires 251 Jd. Progresso, CEP 13190-000 Monte Mor (SP) - Brasil tel. +55 19 38797200 fax +55 19 38797251 lifesciences.br@gvs.com

Argentina GVS Argentina S.A. Francisco Acuña de Figueroa 719 Piso:11 Of: 57 1416 Buenos Aires - Argentina tel. +54 11 49889041 fax +54 11 49889042 lifesciences.ar@gvs.com